Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Information For the period from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2012 TO 31 AUGUST 2013

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE BOARD OF CHENGDU BN VOCATIONAL SCHOOL

(A non-profit organization established in the People's Republic of China)

We have audited the financial information of Chengdu BN Vocational School (the "School") set out on pages 3 to 15 which comprises the School's statement of financial position as at 31 August 2013, and the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure, statement of changes in reserves, and statement of cash flows for the period from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (together "the Financial Information"). The Financial Information has been prepared by the management of the School in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4 to the Financial Information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Information

The management of the School is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this Financial Information in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4 to the Financial Information, and for such internal control as the management of the School determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Information that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this Financial Information based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Information is free from material misstatement.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

<u>TO THE BOARD OF CHENGDU BN VOCATIONAL SCHOOL</u> - continued (A non-profit organization established in the People's Republic of China)

Auditor's Responsibility - continued

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Information. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Information, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School's preparation and presentation of the Financial Information in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Financial Information.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Information for the period from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4 to the Financial Information.

Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution and Use

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 2 to the Financial Information, which describes the basis of accounting. The Financial Information has been prepared solely for the information of the Board of the School. As a result, the Financial Information may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the School and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the School without our prior written consent. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. All duties and liabilities (including without limitation, those arising from negligence or otherwise) to any other parties are specifically disclaimed.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu CPA LLP Beijing, China

17 September 2013

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND EXPENDITURE PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2012 TO 31 AUGUST 2013 (Expressed in RMB)

	<u>Notes</u>	Period from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013	Period from 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2012
Total contributions	5	1,517,044	3,817,485
Operating expenditure			
Salaries and social securities	6	(1,106,861)	(1,155,055)
Student costs		(594,088)	(708,610)
Renovation on premises		(2,882)	(187,910)
Teaching costs		(330,219)	(146,219)
Depreciation		(106,920)	(106,225)
Administrative costs		(28,928)	(53,357)
Total operating expenditure		(2,169,898)	(2,357,376)
Net surplus/(deficit) of operating activities		(652,854)	1,460,109
Government grants		207,500	-
Interest income		1,249	1,504
Surplus/(deficit) for the period		(444,105)	1,461,613
Attributable to:			
Restricted reserves		(1,311,899)	1,986,984
Unrestricted reserves		867,794	(525,371)
		(444,105)	1,461,613

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 AUGUST 2013

(Expressed in RMB)

	Notes	31/08/2013	31/08/2012
Current assets Cash and bank balances Other receivables	7	145,844 9,100	481,680 19,970
Inventories	8	30,423	45,543
Total current assets		185,367	547,193
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	9	167,784	274,704
Total non-current assets		167,784	274,704
Total assets		353,151	821,897
Current liabilities Other payables	10	57,336	81,977
Total current liabilities		57,336	81,977
Reserves Restricted reserves Unrestricted reserves		295,815	1,311,899 (571,979)
Total reserves		295,815	739,920
Total liabilities and reserves		353,151	821,897

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2012 TO 31 AUGUST 2013

(Expressed in RMB)

	Restricted reserves	Unrestricted reserves	Total <u>reserves</u>
Balance at 1 September 2011	(675,085)	(46,608)	(721,693)
Surplus for the period	1,986,984	(525,371)	1,461,613
Balance at 31 August 2012	1,311,899	(571,979)	739,920
Surplus for the period	(1,311,899)	867,794	(444,105)
Balance at 31 August 2013	-	295,815	295,815

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2012 TO 31 AUGUST 2013 (Expressed in RMB)

	<u>Note</u>	Period from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013	Period from 1 September 2011 to 31 August 2012
Cash from operating activities			
Surplus/(deficit) for the period		(444,105)	1,461,613
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation		106,920	106,225
Interest income		(1,249)	(1,504)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operations before			
working capital movements		(338,434)	1,566,334
Working capital movements:			
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories		15,120	(845)
Decrease in other assets		10,870	63,184
Decrease in other payables		-	(1,233,630)
(Decrease)/Increase in other liabilities		(24,641)	
Net cash generated/(used) by operating activities		(337,085)	395,043
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-	(17,460)
Interest received		1,249	1,504
Net cash generated/(used) in investing activities		1,249	(15,956)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	S	(335,836)	379,087
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September 2012		481,680	102,593
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 August 2013	7	145,844	481,680
			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL INFORMATION PERIOD FROM 1 SEPTEMBER 2012 TO 31 AUGUST 2013

1. GENERAL

Chengdu BN Vocational School (成都百年农工子弟职业学校, the "School") is a non-profit organization, founded in Chengdu, People's Republic of China ("PRC"), which is supported by Sichuan Youth Development Foundation ("Sichuan YDF") and BN Vocational School (北京百年农工子弟职业学校, the "Beijing BNVS"). The School obtained the registration certificate (Chun Cheng Qing Min Zheng Zi No. 010219) from Bureau of Civil Affairs of Qingyang District, Chengdu on 20 August 2009 (date of establishment), and a qualification of middle level vocational education and license of non-government school from Committee of Education of Qingyang District, Chengdu on 28 July 2009.

The principal activity of the School is to provide a two-year education program free of charge to the young people from low-income families, which are from the quake-hit Sichuan and Tibetan area, and to help these young people become highly skilled employees to meet the current and future needs of cities for a skilled workforce.

As a condition of foundation, the School uses the premise subsidized by Committee of Education of Qingyang District in Chengdu free of charge.

2. PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The School maintains its accounting records and prepares its statutory financial statements for each calendar year in accordance with accounting standards and regulations of the PRC which are applicable to the School.

The Financial Information has been prepared solely for the information of the Board of the School. The School has prepared the Financial Information in accordance with accounting policies set out in note 4. These accounting policies are formulated in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs). Currently, the IFRSs do not contain specific guidelines for non-profit and non-governmental organizations concerning the accounting treatment and presentation of consolidated financial statements. Where the IFRSs are silent or do not give guidance on how to treat transactions specific to the not-for-profit sector, accounting policies have been based on the general IFRS principles, as detailed in The Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Different from its statutory financial statements, the period of accompanying Financial Information is from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013.

The Financial Information is presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the functional and presentation currency of the School.

- 3. FORMULATION OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES IN ACCORDANCE WITH NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS
- 3.1 Formulation of Accounting Policies in accordance with New and Revised Standards, Amendments and interpretations (New and Revised IFRSs).

In the current period, the School has formulated its accounting policies, for the first time, in accordance with the following new and revised IFRSs which are or have become effective.

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax - Recovery of Underlying Assets

The formulation of accounting policies in accordance of these new and revised IFRSs has had no material effect on the amounts reported in the Financial Information or disclosures set out in the Financial Information.

3.2 New and revised IFRSs issued but not yet effective

The School has not early formulated its accounting policies in accordance with the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements ¹
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements ¹
IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities ¹
Amendments to IFRS 10,	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and
IFRS 11 and IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance ¹
IFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement ¹
IAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee Benefits ¹
IAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements ¹
IAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures ¹
Amendments to IFRS 7	Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to IFRSs	Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle ¹
Amendments to IFRS 9	
and IFRS 7	Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures ³
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments ³
Amendments to IFRS 10,	
IFRS 12 and IAS 27	Investment Entities ²
Amendments to IAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities ²
Amendments to IAS 36	Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Asset ²
Amendments to IAS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting ²
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine ¹

IFRIC 21 Levies²

The School anticipates that the adoption of these New and Revised IFRSs in future periods will have no material financial impact on the Financial Information of the School.

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Information has been prepared on the historical cost basis and in accordance with the following accounting policies which are formulated in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Contributions

Cash contributions are recognized at the date of receipt of cash or when Sichuan YDF confirms the amount to be contributed.

Contributions of property, plant and equipment and inventory are recognized on the date of receipt at fair value if the objective evidence on the fair value is available. When the fair values of contribution in kind are not available, the School will not assign any value to these contributions but will keep a record of these contributions. After initial recognition, contribution in kind recognized as property, plant and equipment and inventory recognized will follow the respective accounting policy of property, plant and equipment and inventory as set out in this note.

Contributions of service are recognized on the date of receipt of the service and are reported as equal contributions and expenditure in the statement of comprehensive income and expenditure, if the objective evidence on the fair value is readily available.

Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a timely basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Foreign currency

For cash contributions made in foreign currencies, the School exchanges the contributions into equivalent amount of RMB at the actual rates on the date when the contribution is received, and deposits the equivalent amount of RMB into the bank account of the School.

Taxation

According to PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law, the income derived from a qualified non-profit organization is non-taxable. Based on Circular 122 issued jointly by the Chinese Ministry of Finance and the State Administration of Taxation (Cai Shui [2009] No. 122) on 11 November 2009, the non-profit organization should obtain the approval of such qualification from the Tax Bureau.

Although the School's application is in process, the Board believes that the School has satisfied all requirements for such qualification, and therefore, has applied such preferential taxation policy that all contribution income is deemed non-taxable.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial assets

The School's financial assets are classified into loans and receivables.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables (including other receivables and cash and bank balances) are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest income is recognized by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Impairment of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Loans and receivables are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the loans or receivables, the estimated future cash flows of the loans and receivables have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that loans and receivables because of financial difficulties.

Impairment loss on loans and receivable is recognized in profit or loss when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the loans and receivables' original effective interest rate.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the loans and receivables at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

Loans and receivables are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from them expire or, they are transferred and the School has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of them. On de-recognition of a loan or receivable, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities including other payables are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognized on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost are derecognized when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded at lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the "first-in first-out" principle.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at costs less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method so as to depreciate the initial cost, after taking into account of the estimated residual value, over the item's useful life, which is as follows:

		Estimated residual	Annual
<u>Classes</u>	<u>Useful lives</u>	<u>value rates</u>	depreciation rates
Equipment and vehicles	5 - 8 years	3%	12.125% - 19.40%

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculation as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the surplus or deficit in the period in which the item is derecognized.

Reserves

Restricted reserves represent the cumulative excess of income from earmarked voluntary contributions over expenditure on stipulated project operations.

Unrestricted reserve is not subject to any legal or third-party restriction and can be applied as the School sees fit. Unrestricted reserves may be designated for specific purposes to meet future obligations or risks.

Total cash and bank balances

5. CONTRIBUTIONS

		Period from 1 Sep. 2012 to 31 Aug. 2013 RMB	Period from 1 Sep. 2011 to 31 Aug. 2012 RMB
	Cash contributions Contributions of inventories Total contributions	1,517,044 - 1,517,044	3,816,896 589 3,817,485
6.	SALARIES AND SOCIAL SECURITIES		
		Period from 1 Sep. 2012 to 31 Aug. 2013 RMB	Period from 1 Sep. 2011 to 31 Aug. 2012 RMB
	Salaries Social securities	950,445 156,416	997,040 158,015
	Total salaries and social securities	1,106,861	1,155,055
7.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
		31/08/2013 RMB	31/08/2012 RMB
	Cash on hand Cash at banks	3,055 142,789	229 481,451

Cash at banks consist of interest bearing deposits at market rate 0.36% (31/08/2012: 0.35%).

145,844

481,680

8. INVENTORIES

	31/08/2013	31/08/2012
	RMB	RMB
Donated:		
Stationery	-	5
Others	-	120
Purchased:		
Stationery	571	1,974
Uniforms	12,284	26,741
Textbooks	6,417	9,882
Others	11,151	6,821
Total inventories	30,423	45,543
		

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Renovation RMB	Equipment and vehicles RMB	Total RMB
COST Balance at 1 September 2011 Addition	484,440	532,542 17,460	1,016,982 17,460
Balance at 31 August 2012 Addition	484,440	550,002	1,034,442
Balance at 31 August 2013	484,440	550,002	1,034,442
DEPRECIATION Balance at 1 September 2011 Provided for the period	(484,440)	(169,073) (106,225)	(653,513) (106,225)
Balance at 31 August 2012 Provided for the period	(484,440)	(275,298) (106,920)	(759,738) (106,920)
Balance at 31 August 2013	(484,440)	(382,218)	(866,658)
CARRYING VALUES Balance at 31 August 2013	<u> </u>	167,784	167,784
Balance at 31 August 2012	- 	274,704	274,704

Equipment and vehicles are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rate per annum:

Equipment and vehicles

12.5% to 20%

10. OTHER PAYABLES

	31/08/2013	31/08/2012
	RMB	RMB
Salary and social securities	47,531	51,218
Others	9,805	30,759
Total other payables	57,336	81,977

11. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

(a) Foreign currency risk

The School is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as all contributions are denominated in RMB.

(b) Credit risk

The School has a treasury policy which focuses on security of cash and bank balances. Those are held in banks of high credit ranking. Thus, the School is not exposed to significant credit risk.

(c) Liquidity risk

The School's objective is to strike a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility by maintaining sufficient funds as cash on hand, demand deposits or short-term deposits with maturities of one year or less to meet short-term liabilities. Therefore, the School is not exposed to significant liquidity risk.

12. RELATED PARTIES

(a) Identification of related parties

The School is supported by Sichuan YDF, and the legal representative is assigned by Sichuan YDF, then Sichuan YDF is identified as a related party.

Fellow schools that have the same supreme governing body (the Board) are identified as related parties.

Board of Directors of the School and key management personnel are persons who have authorities and responsibilities for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the School. Related parties are directors, senior management, as well as close members of their families or households.

12. RELATED PARTIES - continued

(b) Transactions with related parties

During the period, the School's contributions in the amount of RMB1,517,044 are from Beijing BNVS.

	Amounts	Amounts due from		Amounts due to	
	31/08/2013	<u>31/08/2013</u> <u>31/08/2012</u>		31/08/2012	
	RMB	RMB	RMB	RMB	
Sichuan YDF	-	-	-	-	
Beijing BNVS	-	-	-	-	

There were no transactions with key management personnel.

(c) Remuneration

None of the members under a) above received remuneration from the School during the period from 1 September 2012 to 31 August 2013.

13. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Financial Information was approved and authorized for issue by the Board on 17 September 2013.